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Philippine Islands: Manila. Cholera

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## PHILIPPINE ISLANDS.

## Manila—Cholera.

Chief Quarantine Officer Heiser reports, August 19 and 25 and September 2, 8, and 14:

Cholera was reported in the city of Manila as follows: Week ended August 13, 14 cases, 10 deaths; week ended August 20, 16 cases, 11 deaths; week ended August 27, 21 cases, 11 deaths; week ended September 3, 25 cases, 18 deaths; week ended September 10, 15 cases, 15 deaths.

The number of cases in the city of Manila is somewhat augmented over the number reported for previous weeks. Eight of the cases were directly traced to having been introduced from Bulacan Province by persons who were seeking work at Pandacan, a suburb of Manila.

## Cholera in the Provinces.

The total number of cases of cholera occurring in the provinces has been slowly declining, the average now per week being approximately 360, as compared with 550 several weeks ago. Most of the improvement took place in the provinces of Pangasinan, Pampanga, Tarlac, and Bulacan. There has been a steady increase in the number of cases of cholera reported in the province of Batangas, 226 being reported for the week covered by this report.

Cases and deaths were reported as follows:

## WEEK ENDED AUGUST 13.

Province.	Cases.	Deaths.	Province.	Cases.	Deaths.
Batangas.....	50	32	Rizal.....	20	18
Bulacan.....	41	28	Tarlac.....	32	24
Nueva Ecija.....	50	33			
Pampanga.....	14	14	Total.....	402	317
Pangasinan.....	195	168			

## WEEK ENDED AUGUST 20.

Batangas.....	128	74	Pangasinan.....	163	139
Bulacan.....	38	33	Rizal.....	20	11
Ilocos Sur.....	1	1	Tarlac.....	49	27
Mountain Province.....	1	1			
Nueva Ecija.....	25	19	Total.....	436	315
Pampanga.....	11	11			

## WEEK ENDED AUGUST 27.

Batangas.....	212	141	Pangasinan.....	58	45
Bulacan.....	10	6	Rizal.....	40	23
Ilocos Sur.....	19	18	Tarlac.....	25	20
Mindoro.....	3	2			
Nueva Ecija.....	49	27	Total.....	420	286
Pampanga.....	4	4			

## WEEK ENDED SEPTEMBER 3.

Batangas.....	226	146	Pangasinan.....	18	21
Bulacan.....	13	10	Rizal.....	35	23
Ilocos Sur.....	3	3	Tarlac.....	21	23
Nueva Ecija.....	27	17			
Pampanga.....	15	15	Total.....	358	258

## WEEK ENDED SEPTEMBER 10.

Province.	Cases.	Deaths.	Province.	Cases.	Deaths.
Albay.....	3	2	Pangasinan.....	19	19
Batangas.....	118	97	Rizal.....	13	12
Bulacan.....	9	8	Tarlac.....	10	11
Ilocos Sur.....	6	4			
Nueva Ecija.....	22	14	Total.....	206	172
Pampanga.....	6	5			

## RUSSIA.

## Status of Cholera.

Acting Assistant Surgeon De Forest at Libau reports, October 3:

During the week ended September 29, 183 cases of cholera with 66 deaths were reported in the city and suburbs of St. Petersburg. In all Russia, exclusive of St. Petersburg, there were reported during the same period 3,480 cases with 1,749 deaths. The total number of cases of cholera in all Russia from the outbreak of the epidemic to September 29 is 198,246; deaths, 92,329.

## LIBAU—Smallpox—Examination of Emigrants.

Doctor De Forest further reports:

During the week ended September 18, 1 case of smallpox was reported in Libau. At the close of the week there were 2 cases present.

The steamship *Estonia* sailed from Libau September 28 with 881 passengers and a crew of 102, all of whom had been in Libau for the full 5 days under observation. All passengers and members of crew were vaccinated previous to embarkation. No foodstuff is allowed to be taken on board by passengers. All hand baggage is inspected before embarkation.

A quarantine station has been erected at Kronstadt for inspection of incoming vessels, especially those arriving from Odessa.

## ODESSA—Cholera and Plague.

Consul Grout reports, September 26:

During the week ended September 23, 15 cases of cholera with 11 deaths were reported. At the close of the week there were 15 cases in hospital.

From the outbreak of epidemic plague to September 23, 113 cases with 29 deaths were reported.

## Measures Against Plague.

Minister Rockhill, at St. Petersburg, reported, September 28, to the Department of State:

The measures which have been taken to fight plague in Odessa are as follows:

The city has been divided into 72 wards, with one doctor for each ward and six or seven sanitary guardians, whose duty it is to discover suspicious cases of plague or of cholera by visiting the dwellings in the different wards as often as possible and by questioning the inhabitants. Each case is reported to the special board, which gives